



WOOLWORTHS HOLDINGS LIMITED

GOOD BUSINESS JOURNEY REPORT

2023 KEY SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS

START


FIVE-YEAR PERFORMANCE SUMMARY OF KEY SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	BOUNDARY	FOCUS AREA	2023 TARGET	PERFORMANCE AGAINST TARGET	YEAR-ON-YEAR CHANGE (2023 VS 2022)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	ASSURANCE COVERAGE IN 2023
Revenue (R billion)	WHL		NR	N/A	▲	88	82	81	74	75	FS
Return on equity	WHL		NR	N/A	▲	40%	36%	45%	18%	29.1%	FS
Adjusted headline earnings per share (cents)	WHL		NR	N/A	▲	516.8	380.9	346.6	170.3	371.7	FS
Annual GBJ savings	WSA		NR	N/A	▲	R411m	R362m	R370m	R298m	R274m	LA
Number of permanent employees (headcount)	WHL	 PEOPLE	NR	N/A	▼	38 732	44 129	44 708	44 863	46 831	MO
Training spend	WHL		NR	N/A	▲	R207m	R169.1m	R83m	R147m	R148m	MO
BBBEE score	WSA		NR	N/A	=	Level 5	Level 5	Level 6	Level 6	Level 7	BEE
Contribution to communities	WHL	 SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT	NR	N/A	▲	R1 031m	R995m	R918m	R854m	R852m	MO
% of private-label FBH ¹ locally sourced	WSA	 ETHICAL SOURCING	33%	●●●●	▲	33%	31%	29%	29%	31%	LA
% of palm oil responsibly sourced [✓]	WSA		100%	●●●●	=	100%	100%	97%	94%	98%	MO
% of cocoa responsibly sourced [✓]	WSA		100%	●●●●	=	100%	100%	100%	98%	98%	MO
% of soya responsibly sourced [✓]	WSA		NR	N/A	=	Baseline being re-established	Baseline established and roadmap completed	NR	NR	NR	MO
% of coffee responsibly sourced [✓]	WSA		65%	●●●●	▼	75%	92%	NR	NR	NR	MO
% of seafood responsibly sourced [✓]	WSA		90%	●●●●	=	99%	99%	98%	NR	NR	MO
% of cotton responsibly sourced [✓]	WSA		100%	●●●●	=	100%	100%	98%	92%	80%	MO

¹ Fashion, Beauty and Home, previously called Clothing and General Merchandise (C&GM). [✓] Vision 2025+ goal (refer to the KPI definitions for KPIs with reported data in 2023).

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	BOUNDARY	FOCUS AREA	2023 TARGET	PERFORMANCE AGAINST TARGET	YEAR-ON-YEAR CHANGE (2023 VS 2022)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	ASSURANCE COVERAGE IN 2023
% of man-made cellulosic fibres responsibly sourced ^v	WSA		100%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▼	95%	96%	75%	NR	NR	MO
% of timber responsibly sourced ^v	WSA		100%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	100%	98%	90%	NR	NR	MO
% of leather responsibly sourced ^v	WSA		50%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	53%	32%	Work commenced on establishment of baseline	NR	NR	MO
% of synthetics responsibly sourced ^v	WSA		10%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▼	12%	18%	8%	NR	NR	MO
Development of a Group-wide roadmap for enabling a living wage for workers in our supply chain ^v	WHL		Roadmap developed	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	Roadmap developed	Roadmap in development		NR	NR	MO
Publication of supply chain ^v	WSA FBH private-label and CRG		WSA FBH private-label tier 2 suppliers mapped	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	WSA FBH private-label tier 2 suppliers mapped	WSA FBH private-label tier 1 suppliers mapped and published	CRG private-label tier 1 suppliers published in prior years, with additional details published this year. WSA tier 1 suppliers not yet published	NR	NR	MO
Publication of supply chain ^v	WSA Food		Develop roadmaps for traceability for key commodities	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	Roadmaps for traceability in development for key commodities	Private-label tuna fisheries published on the International Pole and Line Foundation's Sourcing Transparency Platform	List of commodities finalised – publication to commence in future years	NR	NR	MO
% of Food with a sustainability attribute	WSA	<div><div></div><div>ETHICAL SOURCING</div></div>	100%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	100%	99.9%	99%	91%	91%	LA
% of FBH with a sustainability attribute	WSA	<div><div></div><div>SUSTAINABLE FARMING</div></div> <div><div></div><div>HEALTH AND WELLNESS</div></div>	90%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	85%	78%	95%	96%	91%	MO

^v Vision 2025+ goal (refer to the KPI definitions for KPIs with reported data in 2023).

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	BOUNDARY	FOCUS AREA	2023 TARGET	PERFORMANCE AGAINST TARGET	YEAR-ON-YEAR CHANGE (2023 VS 2022)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	ASSURANCE COVERAGE IN 2023
% change in the number of reusable bags ² sold	WSA	 PACKAGING AND WASTE	NR	N/A	▼	36%	77%	414%	35%	26%	LA
% of packaging that is reusable or recyclable ^v	WSA Food		100%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	=	98%	98%	97%	NR	NR	MO
% of packaging that is reusable or recyclable ^v	WSA FBH		50%	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	50%*	Baseline in progress	Work commenced on establishment of baseline	NR	NR	MO
% reduction in edible food waste to landfill in own operations ^v	WSA		NR	N/A	▲	2.7%	Baseline established and reported (2.3%)		NR	NR	MO
% of product that has been designed to be reused, repaired, repurposed or recycled ^v	WHL		NR	N/A	Work to establish baselines, roadmap, and targets commenced in 2022 and continued in 2023				NR	NR	MO
% of product that contains at least one renewed, reused or recycled material input ^v	WHL		NR	N/A	Work to establish baselines and targets commenced in 2022 and continued in 2023				NR	NR	MO
Water use (kl)	WSA	 WATER	NR	N/A	▲	653 379	615 789	555 175	571 581	595 522	LA
Electricity consumption (MWh)	WHL	 ENERGY AND CLIMATE CHANGE	NR	N/A	▼	**	406 872	431 054	469 124	497 562	GCX**
Carbon footprint (tCO ₂ e)	WHL		NR	N/A	▼	**	904 047	801 628	820 846 ³	721 565	GCX**
% change in carbon footprint	WHL		NR	N/A	▼	**	12.8%	-2.3%	13.8%	5.8%	GCX**
% change in Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions ^v	WHL		NR	N/A	▼	**	-16% ⁴	-12% ⁴	-7%	NR	MO
Total electricity sourced from renewable sources (MWh)	WHL		NR	N/A	▲	**	11 617	2 762	2 841	2 257	GCX**
% of electricity sourced from renewable sources ^v	WHL		NR	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	▲	**	3%	0.64%	0.61%	NR	MO

[∨] Vision 2025+ goal (refer to the KPI definitions for KPIs with reported data in 2023).

² Reusable bags sold in Woolworths Food stores in South Africa, including fabric shopper bags, designer shopper bags, and GBJ (cause-related marketing) bags.

³ 2020 Scope 3 carbon emissions restated.

⁴ Percentage decrease against 2019 baseline.

* Estimated.

** Energy and carbon data reported and assured annually in arrears.

KEY

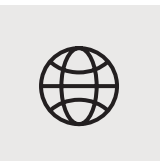
- NR Not reported publicly
- N/A Not applicable
- ▲ Increase from previous year (Positive)
- ▼ Decrease from previous year (Positive)
- ▬ Same as previous year
- ▲ Increase from previous year (Negative)
- ▼ Decrease from previous year (Negative)

PROGRESS

- Not yet started
- Behind
- On track
- Ahead/Achieved

ASSURANCE COVERAGE IN 2023

- FS Financial information extracted from the audited 2023 Annual Financial Statements
- LA Included in ERM’s limited assurance engagement on this report
- MO Management and Board oversight of sustainability scorecard reporting
- BEE Included in the BBBEE scorecard verification
- GCX Included in GCX’s limited level verification of the greenhouse gas emissions inventory (carbon footprint)



VISION 2025+

KPI DEFINITIONS

PERCENTAGE OF COMMODITY RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

PERCENTAGE OF PALM OIL RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of palm oil used in private-label Woolworths Food produced according to a globally recognised sustainability programme (i.e. RSPO) – may be segregated or mass balance. Palm oil comprising any percentage of a final Woolworths private-label product is to be included in this calculation

PERCENTAGE OF COCOA RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of cocoa or cocoa derivatives used in private-label Woolworths Food produced according to a globally recognised sustainability programme (i.e. UTZ/Rainforest Alliance, Cocoa Life, Cocoa Horizons, Puratos Cacao Trace, Fairtrade) – may be segregated or mass balance. Cocoa comprising any percentage of a final Woolworths private-label product is to be included in this calculation. This excludes food services cocoa

PERCENTAGE OF COFFEE RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of private-label coffee (beans and instant) sold (food services and retail) from a responsible sourcing programme that Woolworths is actively investing in, or that is produced according to a globally recognised sustainability standard/programme

PERCENTAGE OF SEAFOOD RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of all Woolworths private-label seafood produced to a globally recognised certification scheme, seafood guide or improvement programme (e.g. GSSI-accredited, WWF-SASSI). Seafood comprising any percentage of a final Woolworths private-label product is to be included in this calculation

PERCENTAGE OF COTTON RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of cotton used in private-label fashion, homeware, and general merchandise sourced through a globally recognised sustainability, organic or recycling certification programme (e.g. Better Cotton, OCS, GOTS, RCS, GRS). For inclusion in this calculation, the cotton needs to be a substantial (>10%) and identifiable component of the final private-label product (e.g. includes blended-fibre base fabrics with >10% cotton; excludes cotton trim/piping or shoelaces)

PERCENTAGE OF MAN-MADE CELLULOSIC FIBRES RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of man-made cellulosic fibres in private-label fashion, homeware, and general merchandise sourced through a globally recognised sustainability or recycling programme (e.g. FSC, Canopy, RCS, GRS, Lenzing), that do not come from ancient and endangered forests, or are recycled. For inclusion in this calculation, the man-made cellulose needs to be a substantial (>10%) and identifiable component of the final private-label product (e.g. includes blended-fibre base fabrics with >10% viscose; excludes embroidery designs using viscose threads)

PERCENTAGE OF LEATHER RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of leather used in private-label fashion, homeware, and general merchandise sourced from tanneries with accreditation or certification that is superior to conventional standards or a globally recognised sustainability programme (e.g. Leather Working Group (LWG)). To be included in this calculation, the leather needs to comprise a substantial (>10%) and identifiable component of the final private-label product (e.g. includes leather uppers of shoes; excludes leather trims such as label on denim)

PERCENTAGE OF TIMBER RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of timber used in private-label homeware and general merchandise sourced through a globally recognised ethical and sustainable forest management programme (e.g. FSC) in which timber is legally harvested and sourced from ethically and sustainably managed forests. To be included in this calculation, the timber needs to comprise a substantial (>10%) and identifiable component of the final product (e.g. includes wooden body of a chopping board; excludes lid on a canister)

PERCENTAGE OF SYNTHETICS RESPONSIBLY SOURCED

Percentage of synthetics used in private-label fashion, homeware, and general merchandise sourced through a globally recognised recycling programme (e.g. GRS, RCS). Synthetics include petroleum-based synthetics such as polyester and nylon/polyamide. To be included in this calculation, the synthetics need to comprise a substantial (>10%) and identifiable component of the final private-label product (e.g. includes blended-fibre base fabrics with >10% synthetic; excludes synthetic trim/threads)

PERCENTAGE OF PACKAGING THAT IS REUSABLE OR RECYCLABLE

Percentage of primary and secondary packaging of any private-label product that is reusable or recyclable. Reusable packaging is packaging that has been designed to accomplish or proves its ability to accomplish a minimum number of trips or rotations in a system for reuse. Recyclable packaging is defined as what is technically recycled based on where the de-packaging occurs

PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN SCOPE 1 AND 2 CARBON EMISSIONS

Percentage change in Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions between the baseline year of 2019 and the current year, with the carbon emissions calculated using the GHG Protocol

PERCENTAGE OF ELECTRICITY SOURCED FROM RENEWABLE SOURCES

Percentage of electricity sourced from renewable sources. Renewable sources are defined as electricity produced using natural resources that are constantly replaced and never run out, such as solar and wind

GROUP EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

GROUP EMPLOYEE HEADCOUNT

	2023			2022		
TRADING COMPANY	PERMANENT HEADCOUNT ¹	TEMPORARY HEADCOUNT ²	TOTAL HEADCOUNT	PERMANENT HEADCOUNT ¹	TEMPORARY HEADCOUNT ²	TOTAL HEADCOUNT
AFRICA (countries outside of South Africa)	1 526	117	1 643	1 399	140	1 539
SOUTH AFRICA	30 669	363	31 032	30 172	308	30 480
WSA TOTAL	32 195	480	32 675	31 571	448	32 019
CRG	2 842	3 215	6 057	2 471	3 256	5 727
DJ	N/A	N/A	N/A	4 148	2 235	6 383
WHL TOTAL	35 037	3 695	38 732	38 190	5 939	44 129

¹ Permanent headcount = Permanent employees, including limited-period employees (LPE) with service duration of more than 1 year.

² Temporary headcount = Limited-period employees (LPE) with service duration of less than 1 year.

GROUP EMPLOYEES BY GENDER

	2023		2022	
TRADING COMPANY	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
WSA	10 873	21 802	10 682	21 337
CRG	699	5 358	598	5 129
DJ	N/A	N/A	1 409	4 974
WHL	11 572	27 160	12 689	31 440

PERCENTAGE OF WOMEN REPRESENTATION – GROUP

	2023	2022
TOP MANAGEMENT	42%	46%
SENIOR MANAGEMENT	46%	47%
MID MANAGEMENT	59%	58%
JUNIOR MANAGEMENT	63%	62%
SEMI-SKILLED	73%	73%
UNSKILLED	63%	61%

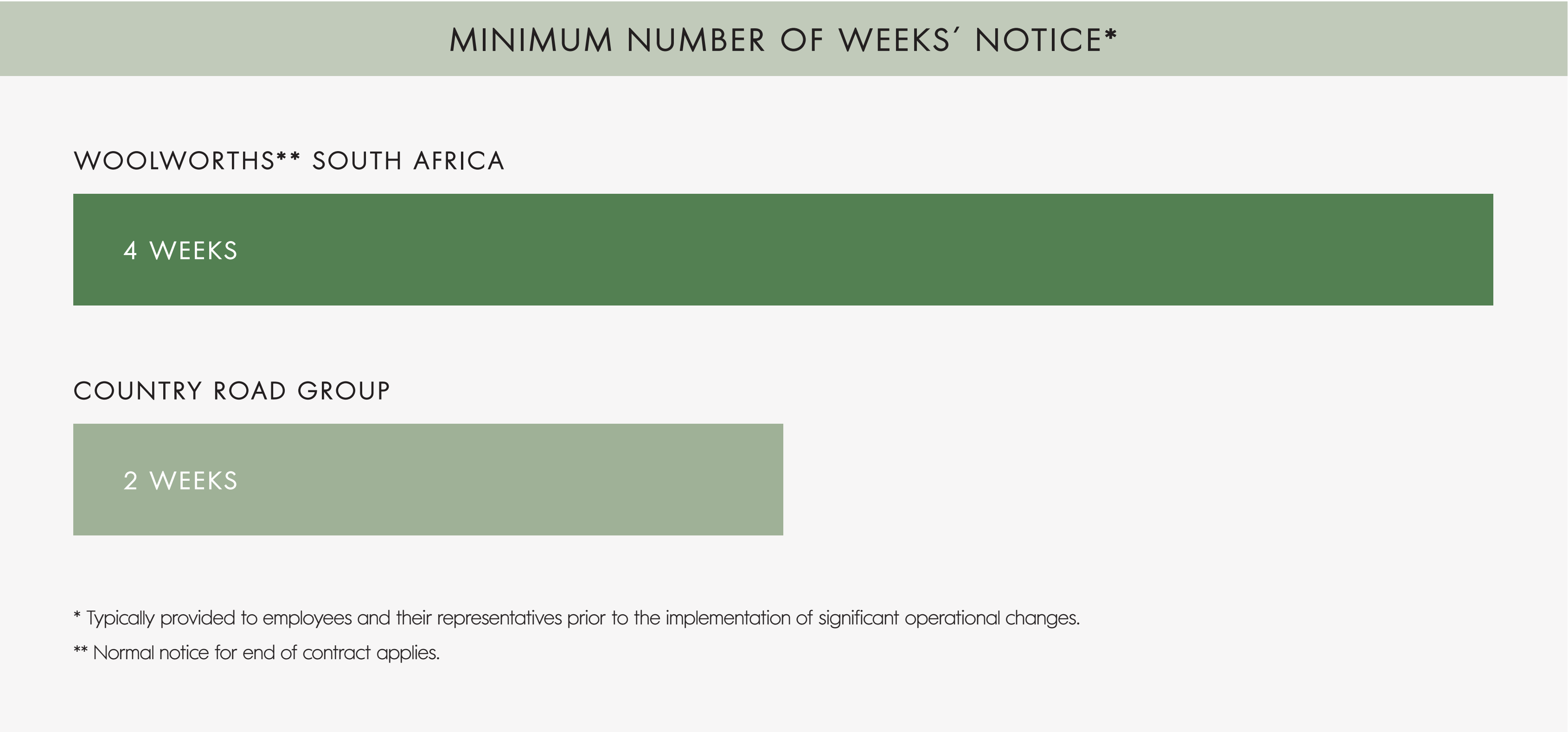
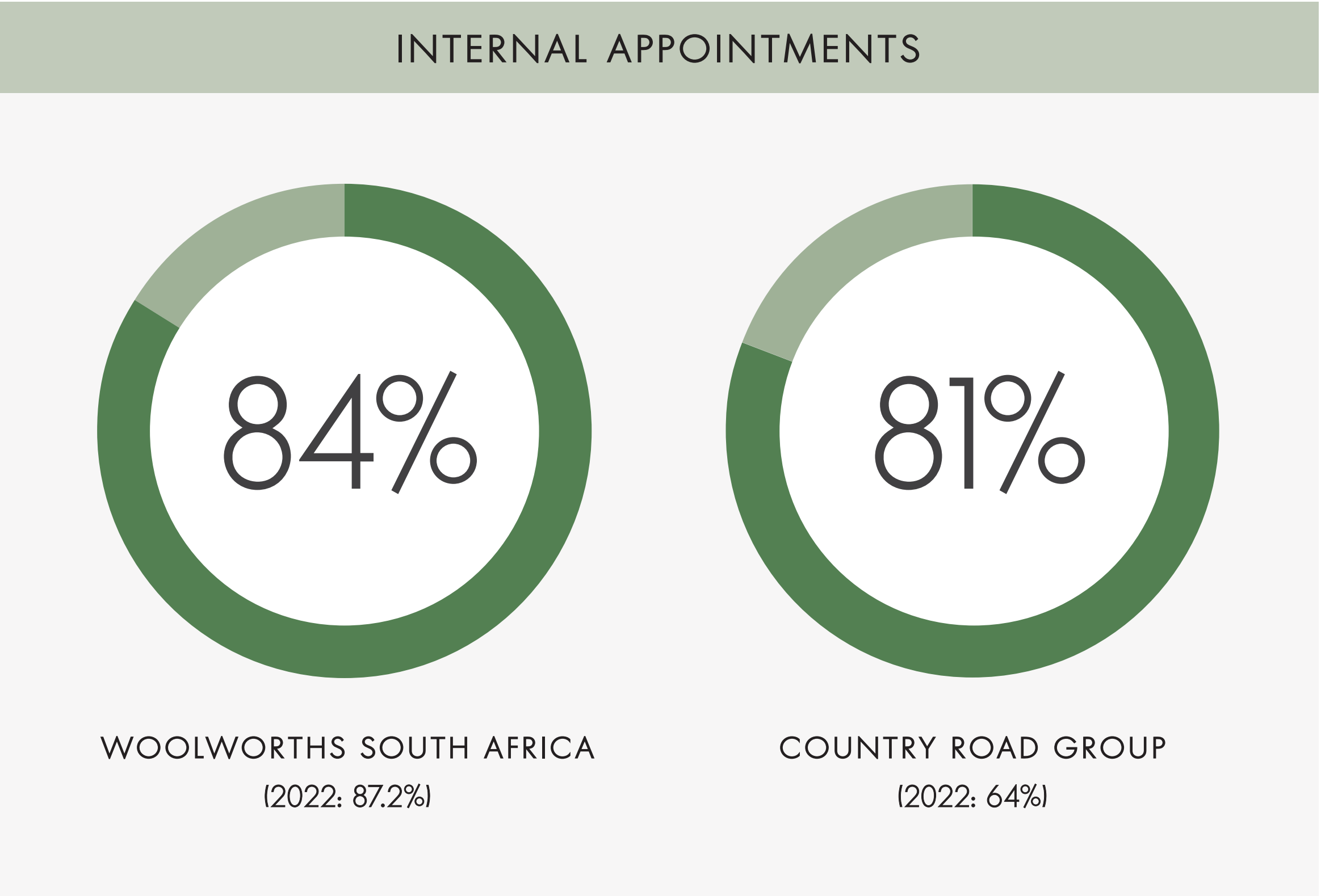
GROUP LABOUR TURNOVER

	2023			2022		
TRADING COMPANY	AVERAGE PERMANENT HEADCOUNT ¹	SUM OF TERMINATIONS ²	LABOUR TURNOVER RATE ³	AVERAGE PERMANENT HEADCOUNT ¹	SUM OF TERMINATIONS ²	LABOUR TURNOVER RATE ³
AFRICA (countries outside of South Africa)	1 477	198	13.4%	1 418	204	14.4%
SOUTH AFRICA	30 265	5 379	17.8%	30 394	5 260	17.3%
WSA TOTAL	31 742	5 577	17.6%	31 812	5 464	17.2%
CRG	2 890	597	20.7%	2 453	461	18.8%
DJ	N/A	N/A	N/A	4 714	1 153	24.5%
WHL TOTAL	34 632	6 174	17.8%	38 978	7 078	18.2%

¹ Average permanent headcount = Sum of permanent headcount over a period of 12 months divided by 12.

² Sum of terminations = Sum of permanent headcount who were terminated over a period of 12 months.

³ Labour turnover rate = Sum of terminations including LPE 1 Year+ during the previous 12 months divided by the average permanent headcount including LPE 1 Year+ during the previous 12 months.



MINIMUM WORKING AGE

Woolworths does not employ anyone below 18 years of age on a permanent basis. During peak trade (mainly December to January), students are offered vocational employment (per school holiday period) in stores at ages 16 and higher, but only with parental consent. This approach is enforced indirectly through our recruitment practices, which include rigid screening processes. All individual applicants' identification documents are scrutinised before employment contracts are completed and employment offers are made.

Country Road Group complies with legislation with regards to child employment, including the minimum age, maximum hours of work per week, and when a school-aged child may work.

MINIMUM WAGE

Minimum wage is recognised in the South African retail sector through the Basic Conditions of Employment Act, No 75 of 1997 (Basic Conditions of Employment Act), Sectoral Determination 9: Wholesale and Retail Sector. Minimum national wage is also protected by the National Minimum Wage Act, No 9 of 2018 (Minimum Wage Act). Woolworths pays South African store employees above the present sectoral and minimum wage levels in the country. This applies to both 40-hour and 28-hour contracts. Wage regulatory measures do not discriminate against women. Assessments of company minimum rates compared to the Minimum Wage Act and the sectoral determination are conducted annually, when new rates are published.

For Country Road Group, minimum wage is set by Award and OFC EA, and in New Zealand by legislation. Minimum wage is gender-neutral.

ORGANISATIONAL ACTIVITIES

All of Woolworths South Africa's core functions, which include our retail, buying, planning, HR, finance, and management functions, are performed by Woolworths employees. A large portion of our marketing, IT, and online functions are performed by Woolworths employees; however, we do partner with external specialists from time to time to assist in certain areas where we do not have the necessary expertise. In Food, we currently partner with Engen to extend our convenience footprint, and with Tribeca in our coffee business.

Our logistics and warehouse divisions also make use of outsourced labour to assist with supply chain operations. At this stage, we employ around 3 500 outsourced employees in our supply chain division, which constitutes approximately 10% of our total workforce.

Where these services are provided by third parties, these parties are bound by strict service level agreements, codes of practice, and contracts, which require the service provider to abide by minimum standards as applicable in the relevant wage-regulating legislation. Inspections and reviews occur to ascertain adherence.

INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE WITH LABOUR STANDARDS

Woolworths South Africa has had no instances of non-compliance with labour standards issued. We employ a team of dedicated employment relations specialists who monitor legislation, judicial case law, and international standards in order to ensure that best labour practices are implemented, maintained, and updated regularly. We also engage with the South African Department of Employment and Labour through their inspection programme. Within this programme, the Department of Employment and Labour frequently dispatch their inspectors to our facilities to monitor our compliance against domestic labour regulations. While inspectors do occasionally clarify certain aspects of our approach directly with us, we have had no formal compliance complaints issued against us during 2023.

In circumstances where possible breaches are reported by whistle-blowers, these allegations are investigated on-site by Woolworths employee relations specialists who conduct an audit and investigation, with a report on findings and recommendations. Remedial approaches to transgressions are preferred in resolving breaches of expected standards in order to preserve employment; however, continued breaches may result in contract termination. In these circumstances, continuity of employment for impacted employees is sought with alternative and vetted service providers.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS

LESOTHO

Consultation periods are set out and specified. Wage proposals must be made three months before the end of June each year. Negotiation meetings occur within one month after receiving a proposal by the union.

KENYA

Time periods are not set out in collective agreement for negotiations, and meetings for negotiations take place by agreement. However, in practice, collective bargaining takes place every two years, towards the end of the year.

ESWATINI

Consultation periods are specified. Wage proposals must be submitted by the end of June each year. Negotiations should take place no later than two months before the end of each agreement. In practice, this would be around August each year.

BOTSWANA

A collective bargaining agreement has been signed, but we have not yet gone through a wage negotiation process, therefore standard increases (as per the rest of the African region) were implemented.

GROUP TRANSFORMATION DATA

EMPLOYMENT EQUITY

In South Africa, we are required to comply with the Employment Equity Act, No 55 of 1998, which compels us to put in place systems to enable a diversified and equitable workplace that continues to reflect national priorities. Historically disadvantaged South Africans (HDSA) represent 96% (2022: 96%) of total Woolworths permanent employees, of whom 68.1% (2022: 66.4%) are in management (middle to top management) positions. Women represent 65% (2022: 64.6%) of HDSA permanent employees.

EMPLOYMENT EQUITY PROFILE FOR WOOLWORTHS SA

% HDSA GENDER BREAKDOWN OF PERMANENT EMPLOYEES

2023 MALE: 33% FEMALE: 67% | **2022** MALE: 33% FEMALE: 67%

% RACIAL BREAKDOWN OF PERMANENT EMPLOYEES

MALE			FEMALE	
2023	2022		2023	2022
22%	22%	African	48%	47%
9%	9%	Coloured	15%	15%
1%	1%	Indian	2%	2%
1%	1%	White	2%	2%
0.1%	0.1%	Foreign nationals	0.2%	0.3%

% HDSA ACROSS OCCUPATIONAL LEVEL

MALE			FEMALE	
2023	2022		2023	2022
18%	17%	Top management	36%	33%
28%	26%	Senior management	20%	20%
32%	32%	Middle management	38%	36%
39%	40%	Junior management	53%	52%
30%	30%	Semi-skilled and unskilled	69%	69%

TRAINING AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT			
	2023	2022	2021
Total spend (R million)	R161	R144.50	R67.50
Average spend per employee	R4 926	R5 604	R4 035
Average hours per employee	26.31	Not reported	Not reported
Average days per employee	3.29	Not reported	Not reported
Percentage spend on Black employees	97%	97%	96%
Number of learning interventions	185 127	63 728	35 882
Training hours (total)	813 460	723 712	393 431
TRAINING BENEFICIARIES			
Number of employees trained (includes employees who have since left the business)	32 574	25 788	16 721
Number of Black employees trained	31 754	24 862	15 978
Number of female employees trained	21 778	17 296	10 566
LEARNERSHIP BENEFICIARIES			
Total number of learners	2 287	2 339	1 276
Total number of Black learners	2 264	2 321	1 264
Total number of disabled learners	53	73	68
Total number of unemployed learners	326	732	585
Total number of unemployed absorbed	0	0	0
BBBEE skills development score	9.41	10	7.31

SKILLS DEVELOPMENT BY GENDER				
	2023		2022	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Total spend (R million)	R50.30	R110.20	R51.20	R93.40
Average spend per employee	R4 655	R5 060	R6 026	R5 394
Percentage spend on Black employees	97%	97%	97%	97%
Number of learning interventions	56 002	129 125	21 739	41 989
TRAINING BENEFICIARIES				
Number of employees trained (includes employees who have since left the business)	10 796	21 778	8 492	17 296
Number of Black employees trained	10 470	21 284	8 115	16 747
Number of female employees trained	0	21 778	0	17 296
LEARNERSHIP BENEFICIARIES				
Total number of learners	656	1 631	749	1 590
Total number of Black learners	645	1 619	741	1 580
Total number of disabled learners	23	30	34	39
Total number of unemployed learners	72	254	231	501
Total number of unemployed absorbed	0	0	0	0
BBBEE skills development score	6.71	6.24	7.68	6.36

GROUP HEALTH AND WELLNESS INDICATORS

EMPLOYEE HEALTH INDICATORS						
INDICATOR	WHL		WOOLWORTHS SA		COUNTRY ROAD GROUP	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Injuries on duty	789	696	746	649	43	47
Total recordable injury frequency rate (TRIFR)	11.33	9.73 ¹	11.64	10.05	7.73	9.50
Lost time injuries (LTI)	622	540	587	519	35	21
Lost time injuries frequency rate (LTIFR)	8.93	7.47 ¹	9.16	8.04	6.29	4.25
Gross absenteeism rate (GAR)	3.04%	NR	3.02%	3.84%	3.4%	4.51%
Primary healthcare cases (acute and chronic care)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Confirmed fatalities on duty	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹This includes David Jones, which was sold in March 2023.

WHL CARBON FOOTPRINT OVERVIEW

ORGANISATIONAL BOUNDARY	
ORGANISATIONAL ENTITY	Woolworths Holdings Limited
REPORTING PERIOD	1 July 2021 – 30 June 2022
METHODOLOGY	Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised)
ORGANISATIONAL BOUNDARY	Operational control
BASE YEAR	2014 – This is the earliest point at which WHL has had reliable and comprehensive data across all operating entities: Woolworths South Africa, Country Road Group, and David Jones
NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES	39 775
GENERAL LETTING AREA	2 127 488 m²
TRADING AREA	1 216 064 m²
TURNOVER (R MILLION)	80 067
VERIFICATION	Third-party verification

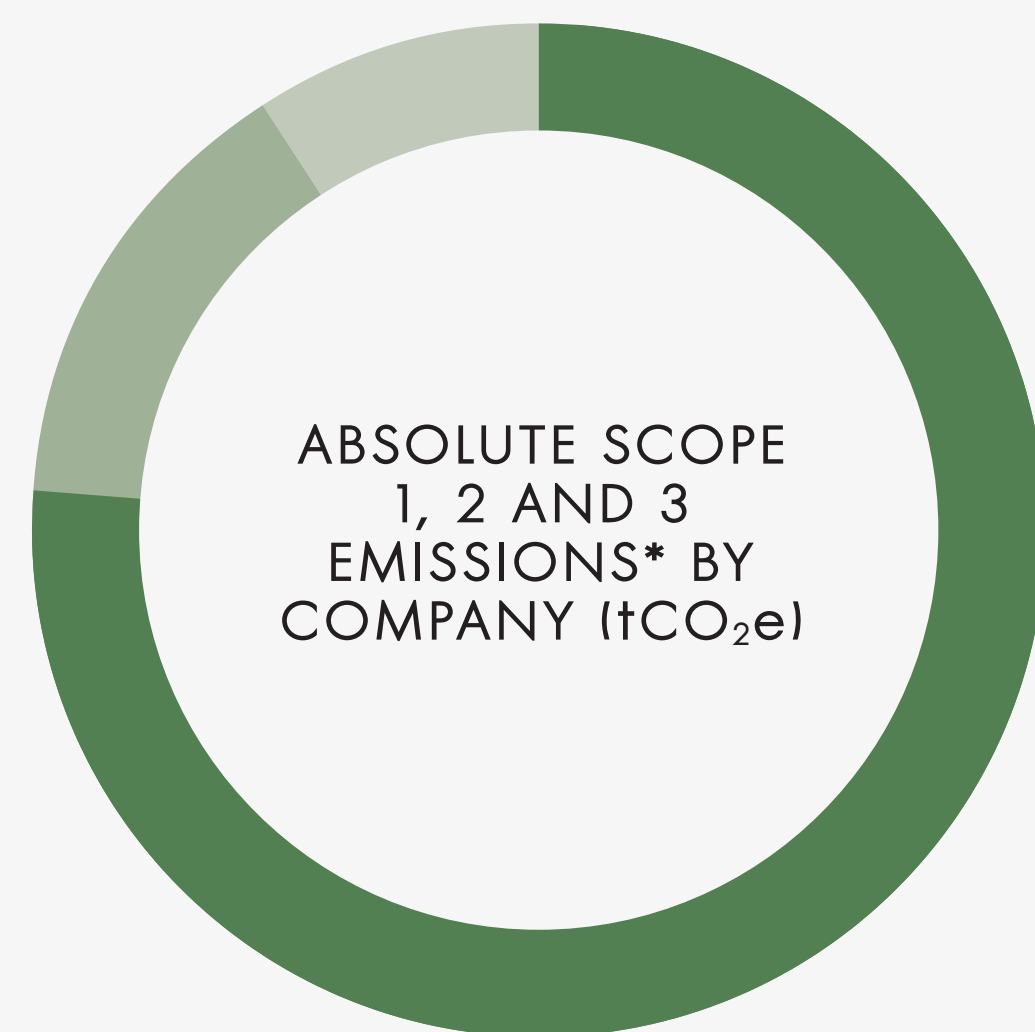
Note: This current report is for 2022, which represents the Woolworths financial year from July 2021 to June 2022.

OPERATIONAL BOUNDARY
<p>Using the operational boundary method, the WHL carbon footprint is calculated for facilities across 13 countries, although the bulk of the stores are located in South Africa and Australia.</p> <p>WOOLWORTHS: South Africa, Namibia, Botswana, Kenya, Zambia, Mozambique, Tanzania, Uganda, eSwatini, Lesotho, and Mauritius</p> <p>COUNTRY ROAD GROUP: Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa</p> <p>DAVID JONES: Australia and New Zealand</p>

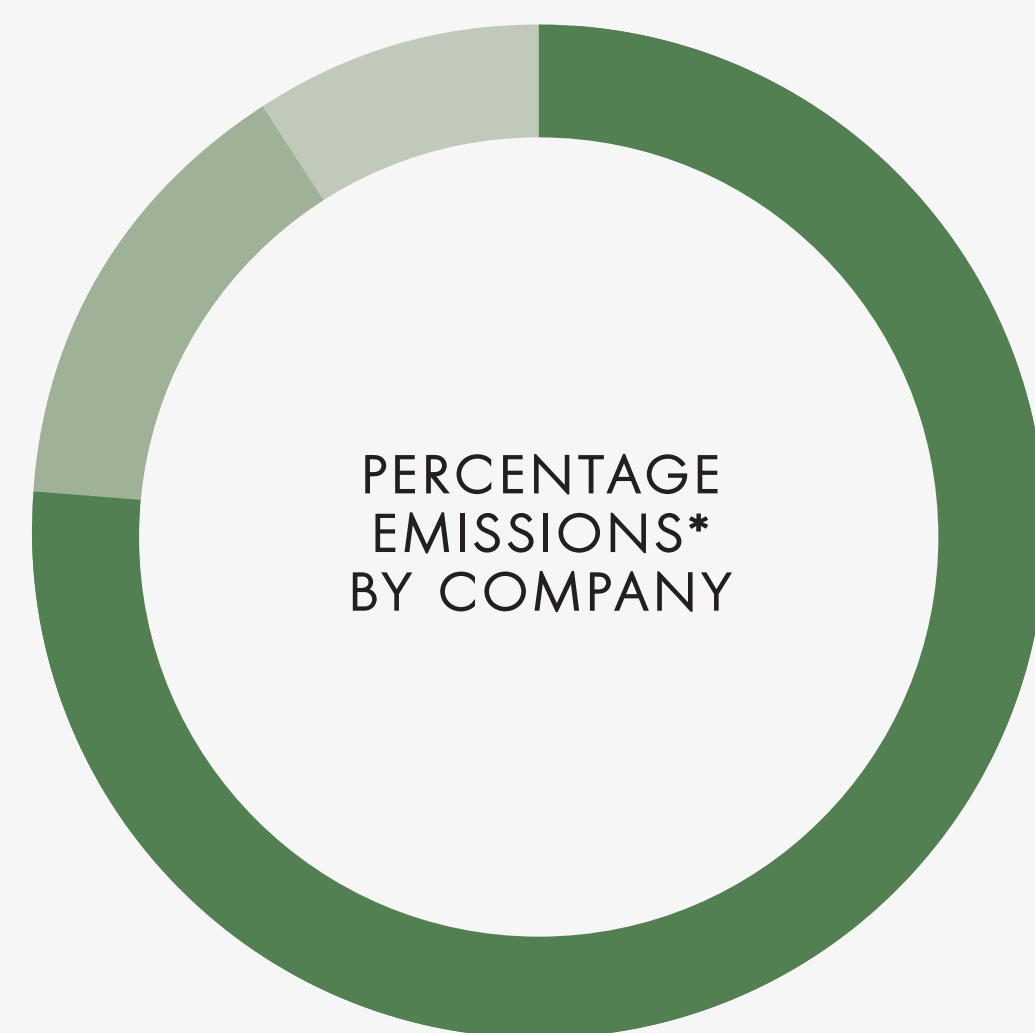
FACILITIES COVERED				
Business	Stores	Distribution centres and stockrooms	Corporate buildings	General letting area (including non-trading)
WOOLWORTHS	465*	13	8	1 387 811 m²
COUNTRY ROAD GROUP	342**	1	1	124 576 m²
DAVID JONES	45	1	1	615 101 m²

* 398 corporate stores in South Africa and 67 stores in other parts of Africa. ** Excludes concessions.

OVERALL WHL EMISSIONS BREAKDOWN BY COMPANY 2022



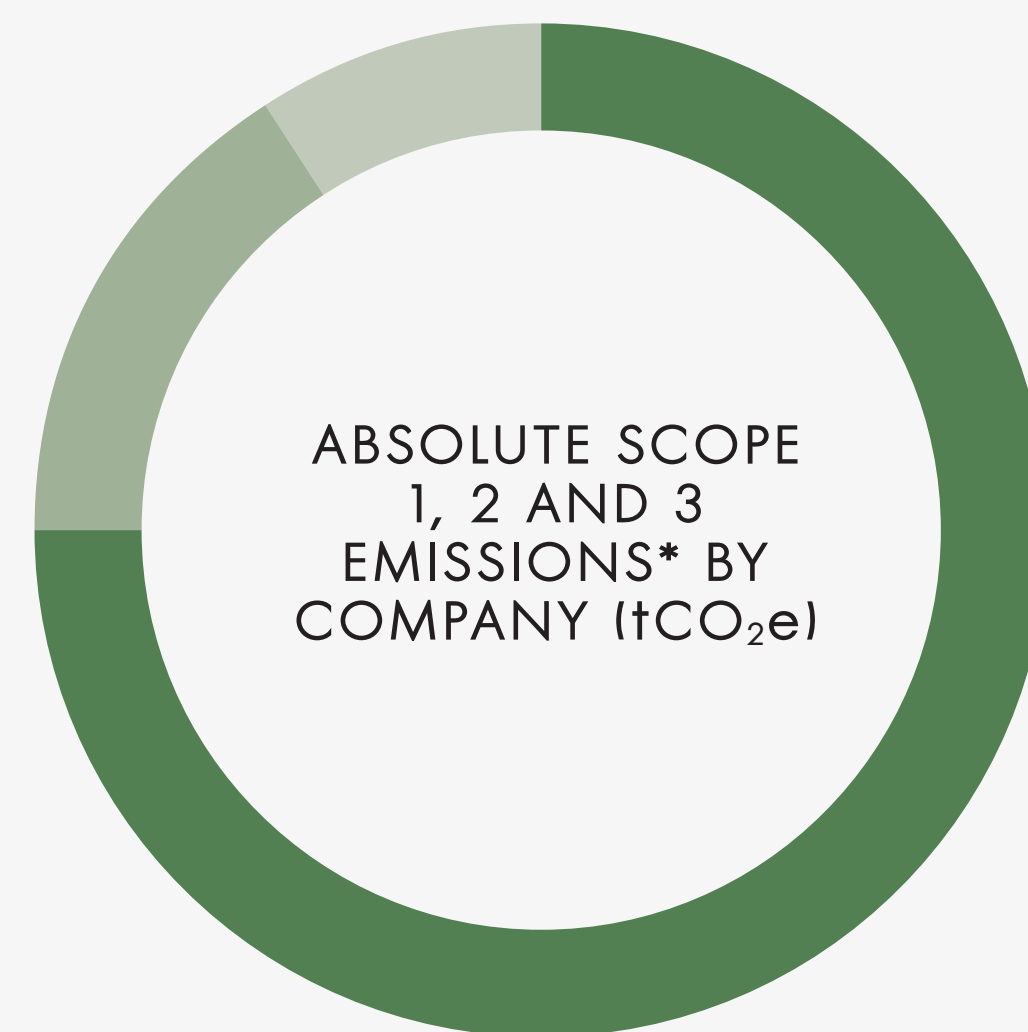
- Woolworths South Africa: **698 266**
- David Jones: **113 106**
- Country Road Group: **92 675**



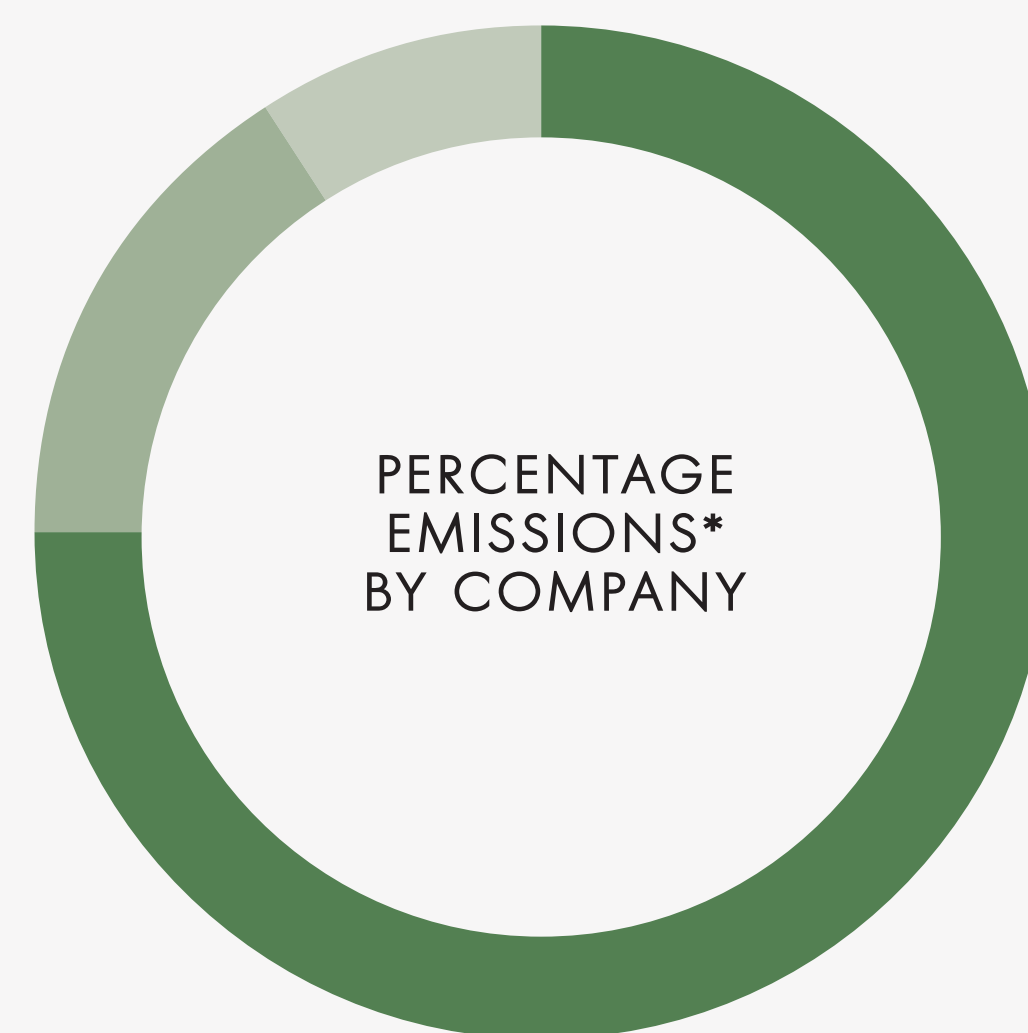
- Woolworths South Africa: **77%**
- David Jones: **13%**
- Country Road Group: **10%**

* Including outside of Scopes.

OVERALL WHL EMISSIONS BREAKDOWN BY COMPANY 2021



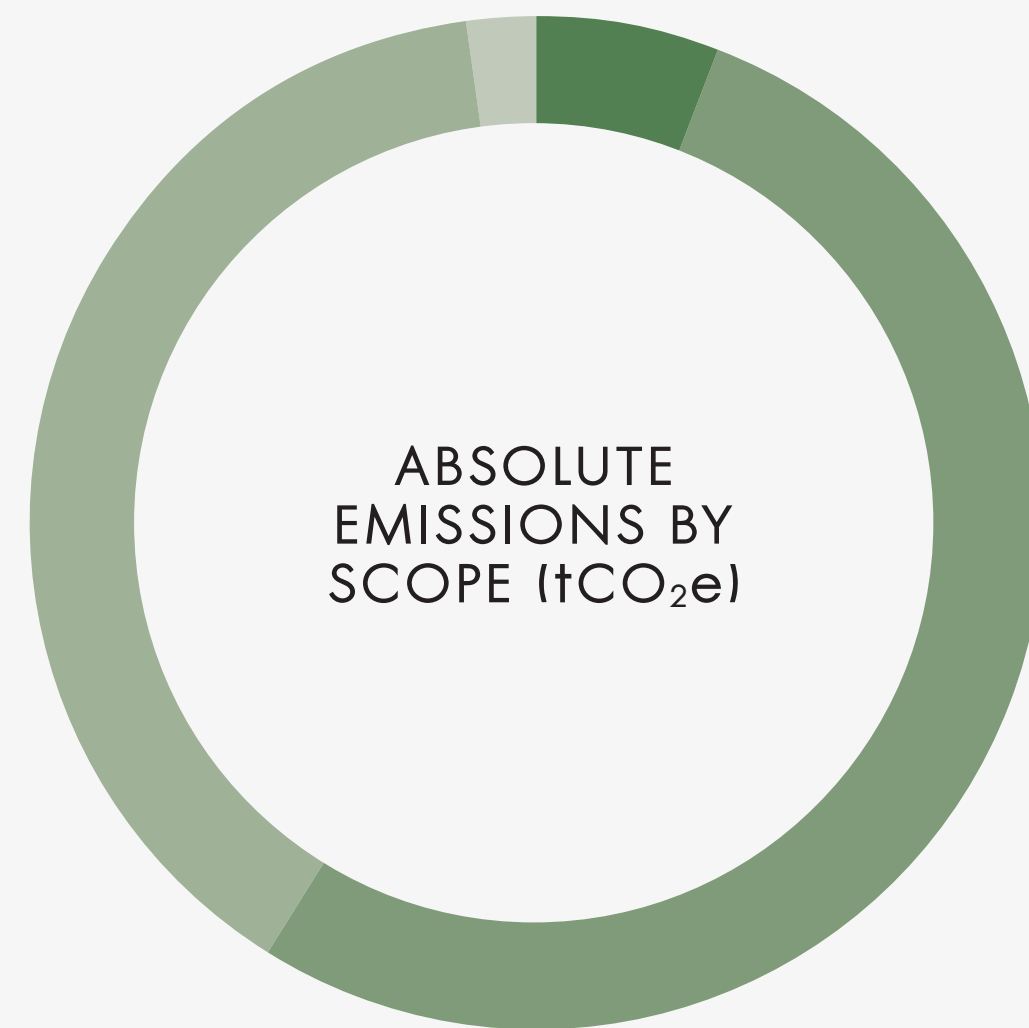
- Woolworths South Africa: **604 092**
- David Jones: **124 331**
- Country Road Group: **73 204**



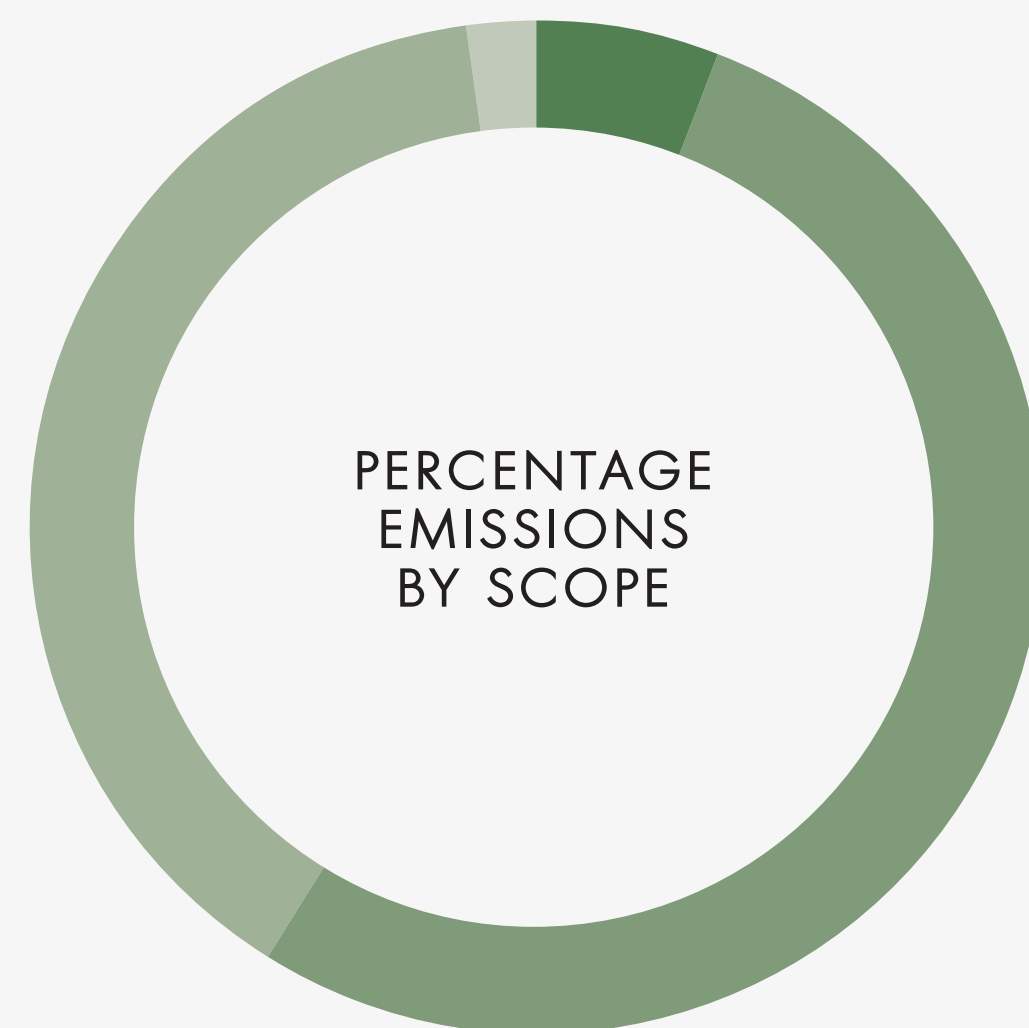
- Woolworths South Africa: **75%**
- David Jones: **16%**
- Country Road Group: **9%**

* Including outside of Scopes.

OVERALL WHL EMISSIONS BREAKDOWN BY SCOPE 2022

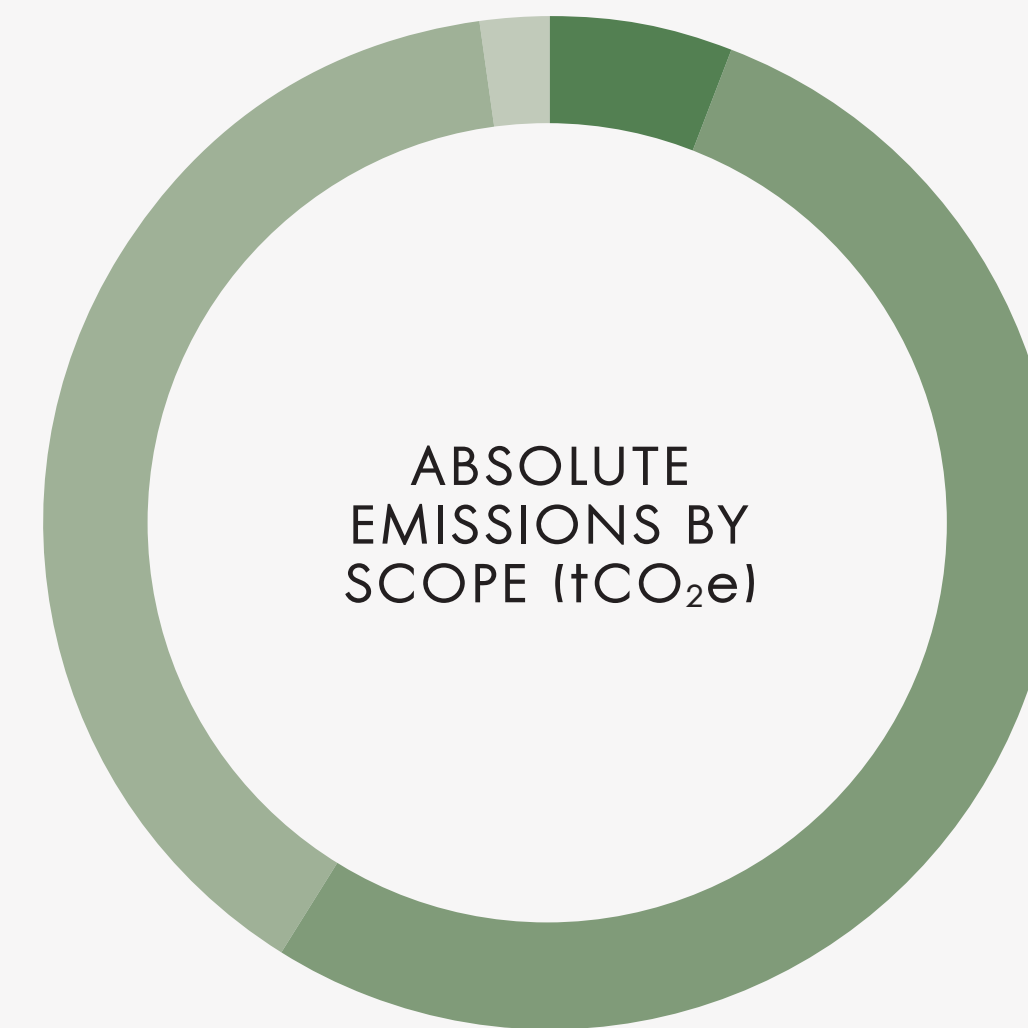


- Scope 1: **56 515**
- Scope 2: **393 701**
- Scope 3: **433 336***
- Outside of Scopes: **20 495**

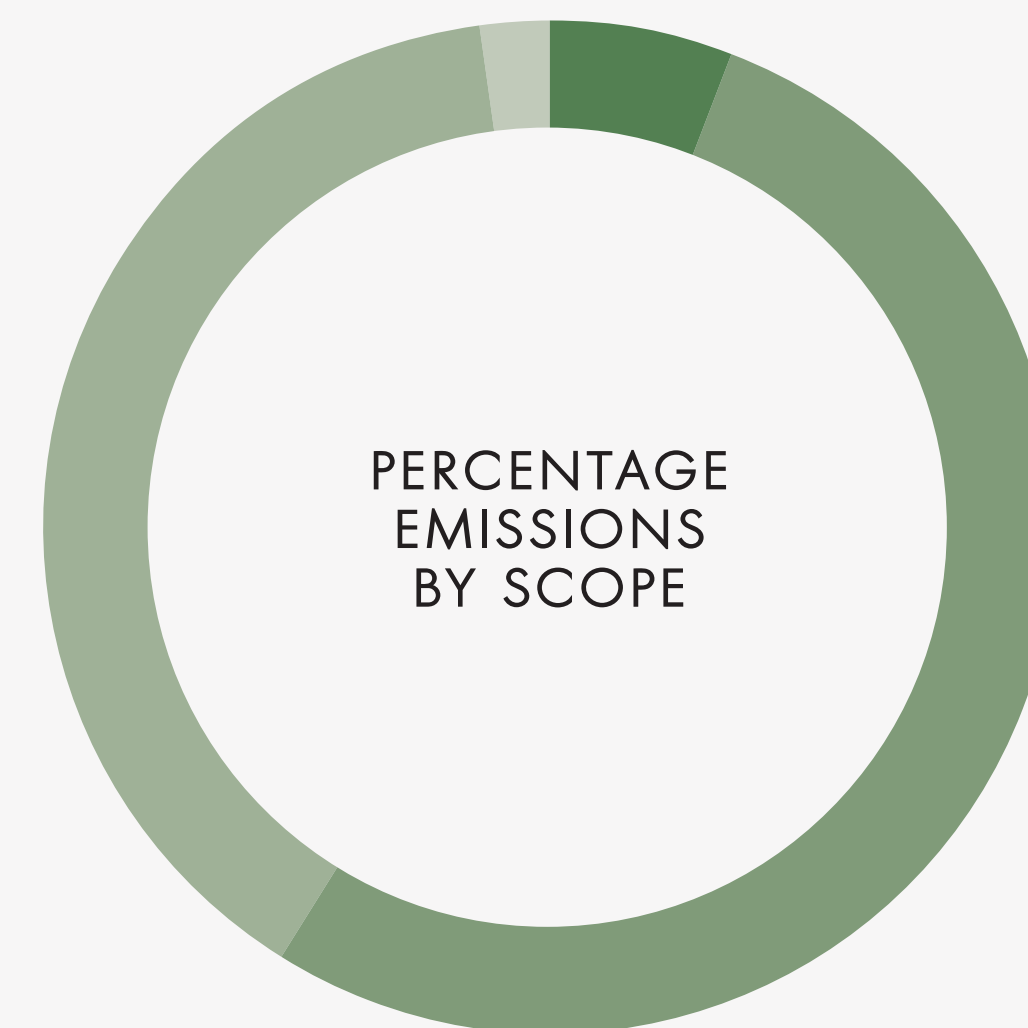


- Scope 1: **6%**
- Scope 2: **44%**
- Scope 3: **48%**
- Outside of Scopes: **2%**

OVERALL WHL EMISSIONS BREAKDOWN BY SCOPE 2021



- Scope 1: **47 094**
- Scope 2: **423 984**
- Scope 3: **312 963**
- Outside of Scopes: **17 586**



- Scope 1: **6%**
- Scope 2: **53%**
- Scope 3: **39%**
- Outside of Scopes: **2%**

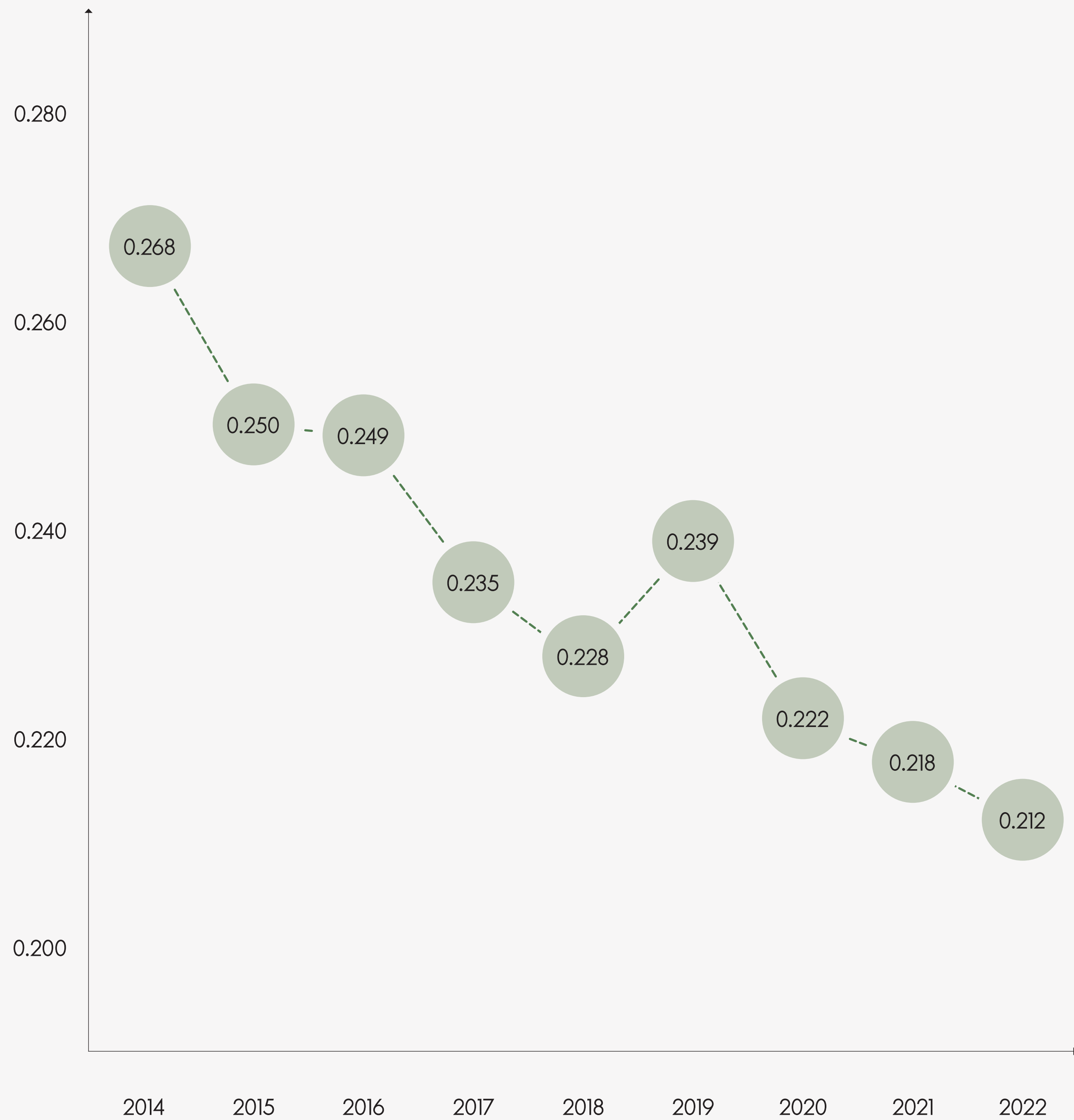
* Scope 3 carbon emissions increased year-on-year due to the inclusion of new emissions data for purchased goods and services, upstream transport and distribution, and business travel data.

WHL INTENSITY FIGURES YEAR-ON-YEAR

The figures below show WHL progress per unit measure for Scope 1 and 2 emissions only. This measure is a measure of efficiency; the average emissions should decrease per unit measure over time as we become more efficient.

INTENSITY FIGURES	YEAR-ON-YEAR CHANGE	2022	2021	2020
EMISSIONS PER FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEE (tCO ₂ e/FTE)	-3.09%	11.319	11.68	12.51
EMISSIONS PER SQUARE METRE OF GENERAL LETTING AREA (GLA), INCLUDING NON-TRADING AREA (tCO ₂ e/m ²)	-2.75%	0.212	0.218	0.222
EMISSIONS PER SQUARE METRE OF TRADING AREA (TA) (tCO ₂ e/m ²)	-2.63%	0.37	0.38	0.38
EMISSIONS PER MILLION TURNOVER (tCO ₂ e/TURNOVER) IN RAND	6.02%	5.62	5.98	6.90

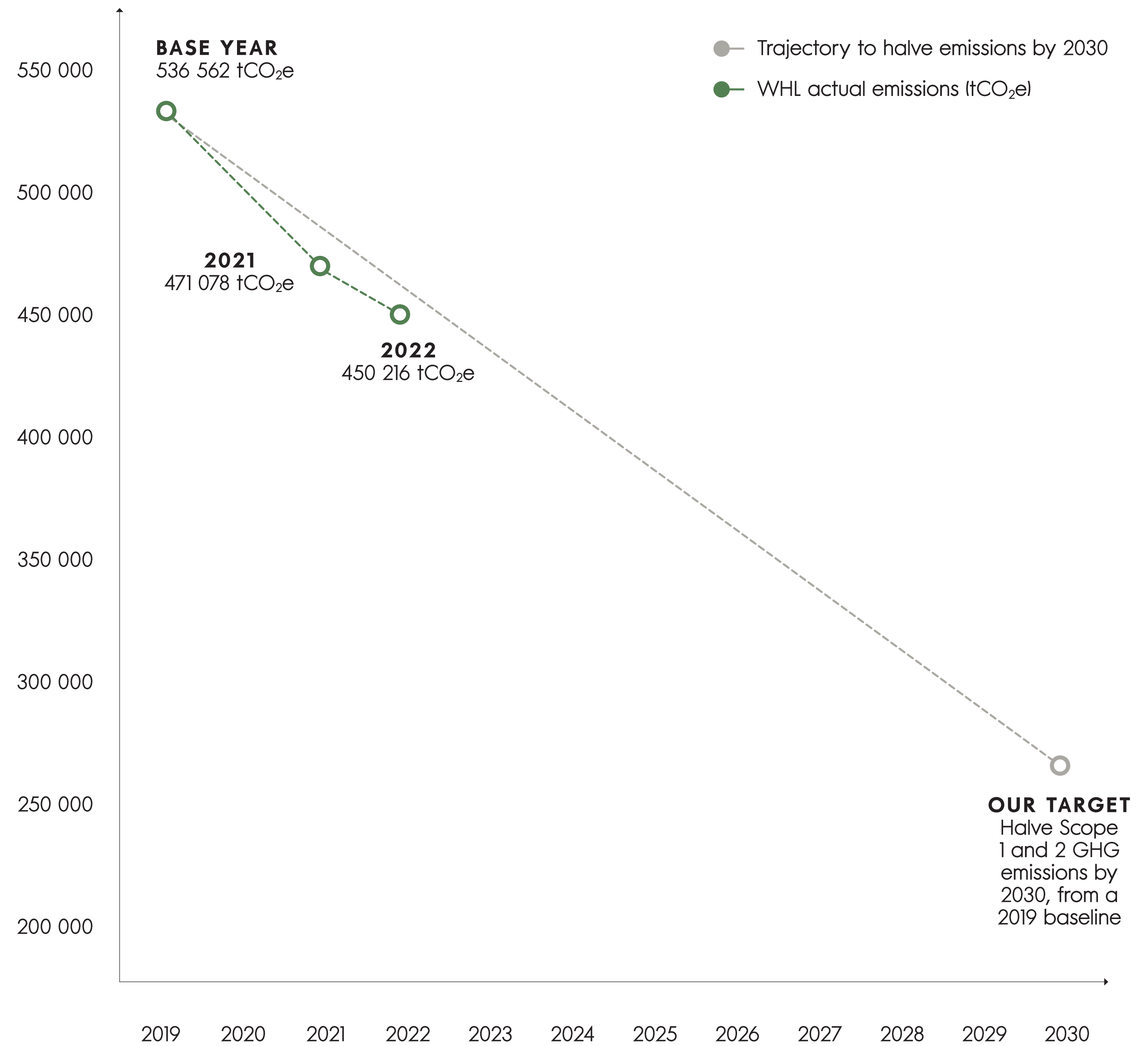
YEAR-ON-YEAR TRACKING OF CARBON EMISSIONS INTENSITY PER GLA SCOPE 1 AND 2 tCO₂e/GLA, INCLUDING NON-TRADING



We continue to track our Scope 1 and 2 emissions intensity year-on-year from 2014.* Our 2022 emissions intensity decreased by 21% (2021: 19%) for Scope 1 and Scope 2 compared to 2014, and by 11% (2021: 9%) compared to 2019.

* 2014 is the earliest point at which WHL has had reliable and comprehensive data across all operating entities: Woolworths South Africa, Country Road Group, and David Jones.

TRACKING WHL SCOPE 1 AND 2 CARBON EMISSIONS AGAINST THE SBTi TRAJECTORY

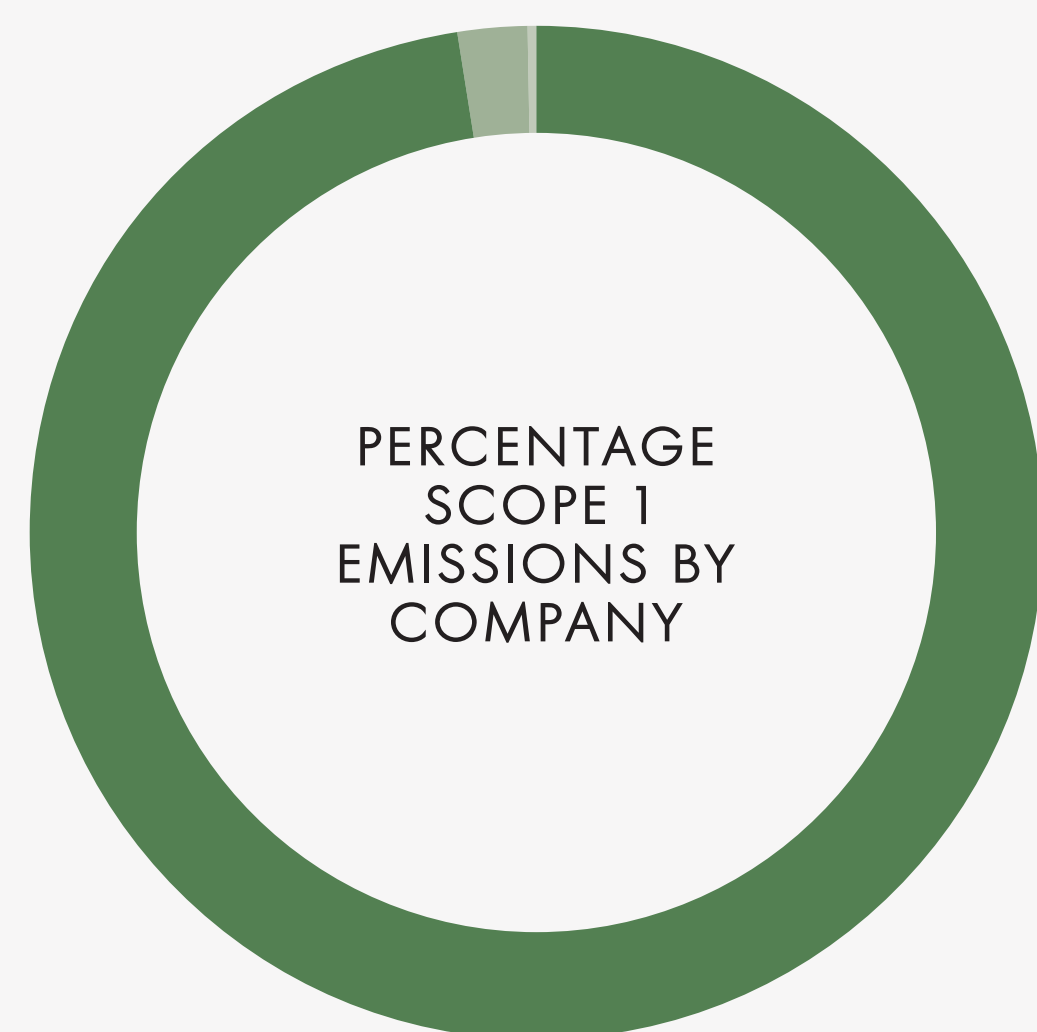


Our 2022 Scope 1 and 2 emissions were 16% below the base year of 2019. Based on our SBTi forecast trajectory, our Scope 1 and 2 emissions should have been 13% below the base year of 2019. This puts us 3% ahead of the SBTi projection as at 2022. We anticipate that the rate of reduction in our annual Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions will vary year-on-year based on various factors, such as loadshedding in South Africa and the energy market regime in the areas in which we operate.

WHL SCOPE 1 EMISSIONS 2022

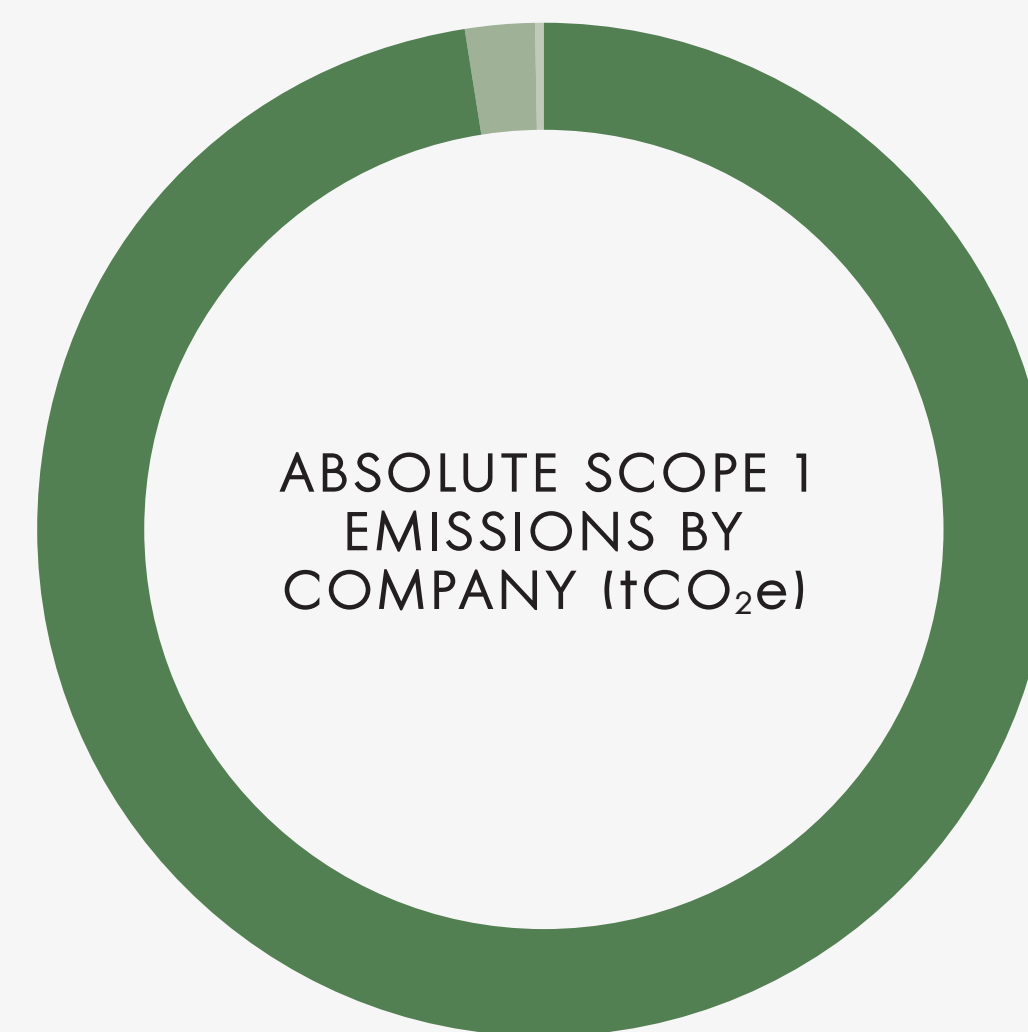


- Woolworths South Africa: **55 102**
- David Jones: **1 335**
- Country Road Group: **78**



- Woolworths South Africa: **97.5%**
- David Jones: **2.4%**
- Country Road Group: **0.1%**

WHL SCOPE 1 EMISSIONS 2021

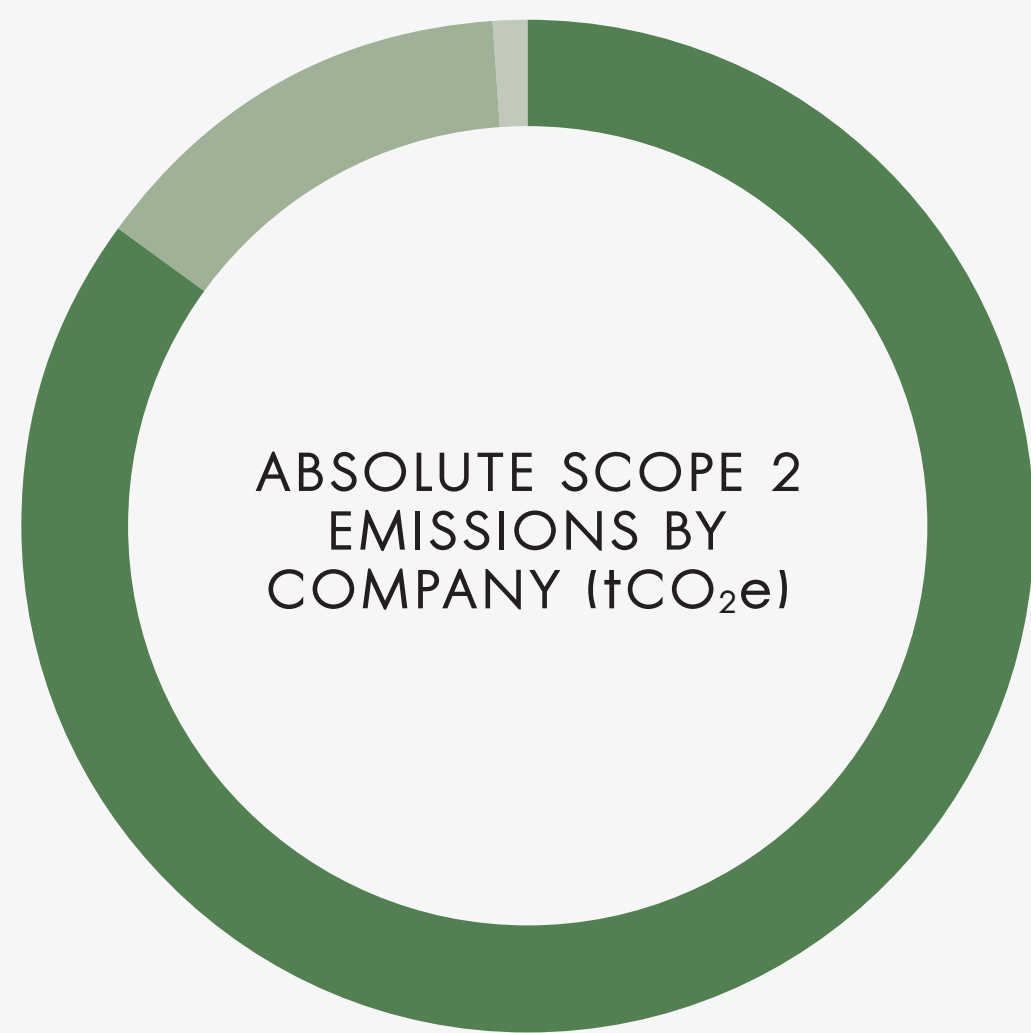


- Woolworths South Africa: **46 038**
- David Jones: **1 050**
- Country Road Group: **6**

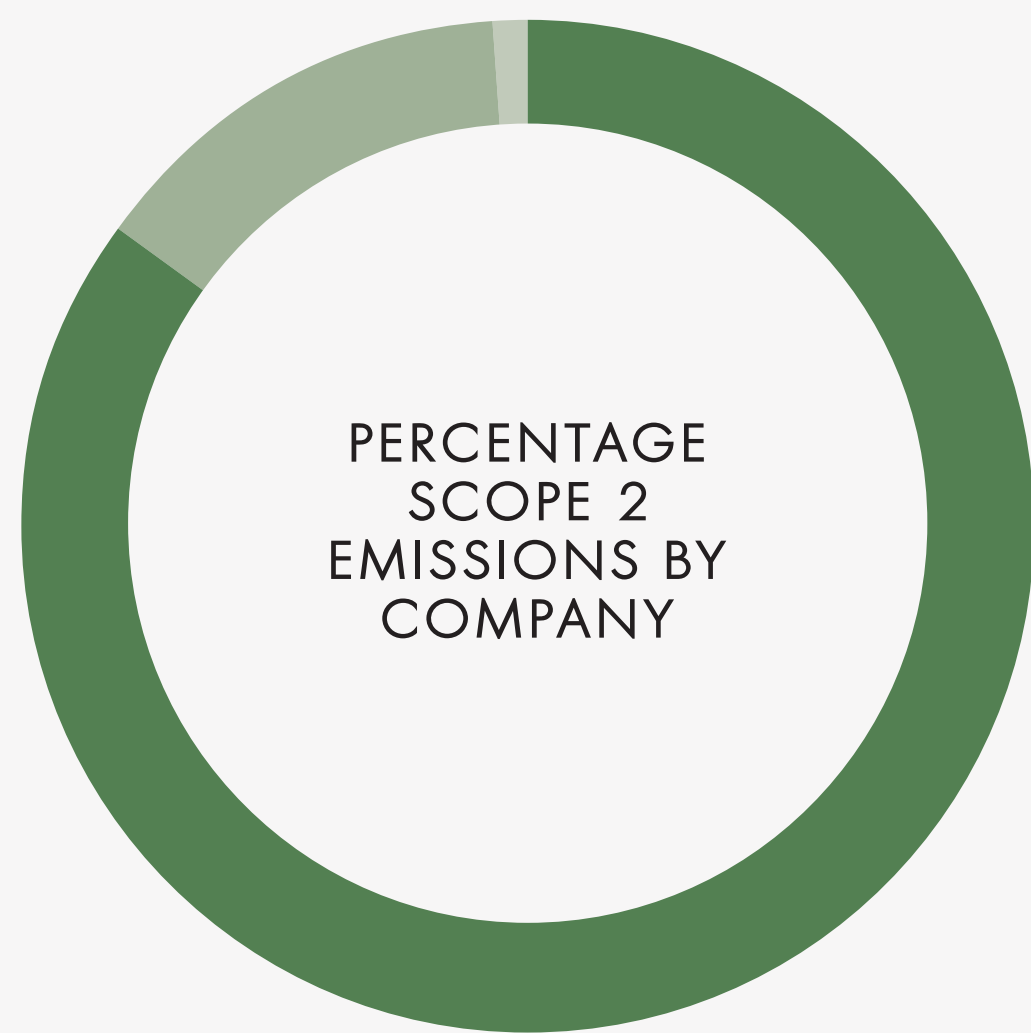


- Woolworths South Africa: **97.76%**
- David Jones: **2.23%**
- Country Road Group: **0.01%**

WHL SCOPE 2 EMISSIONS 2022



- Woolworths South Africa: **337 073**
- David Jones: **48 717**
- Country Road Group: **7 911**

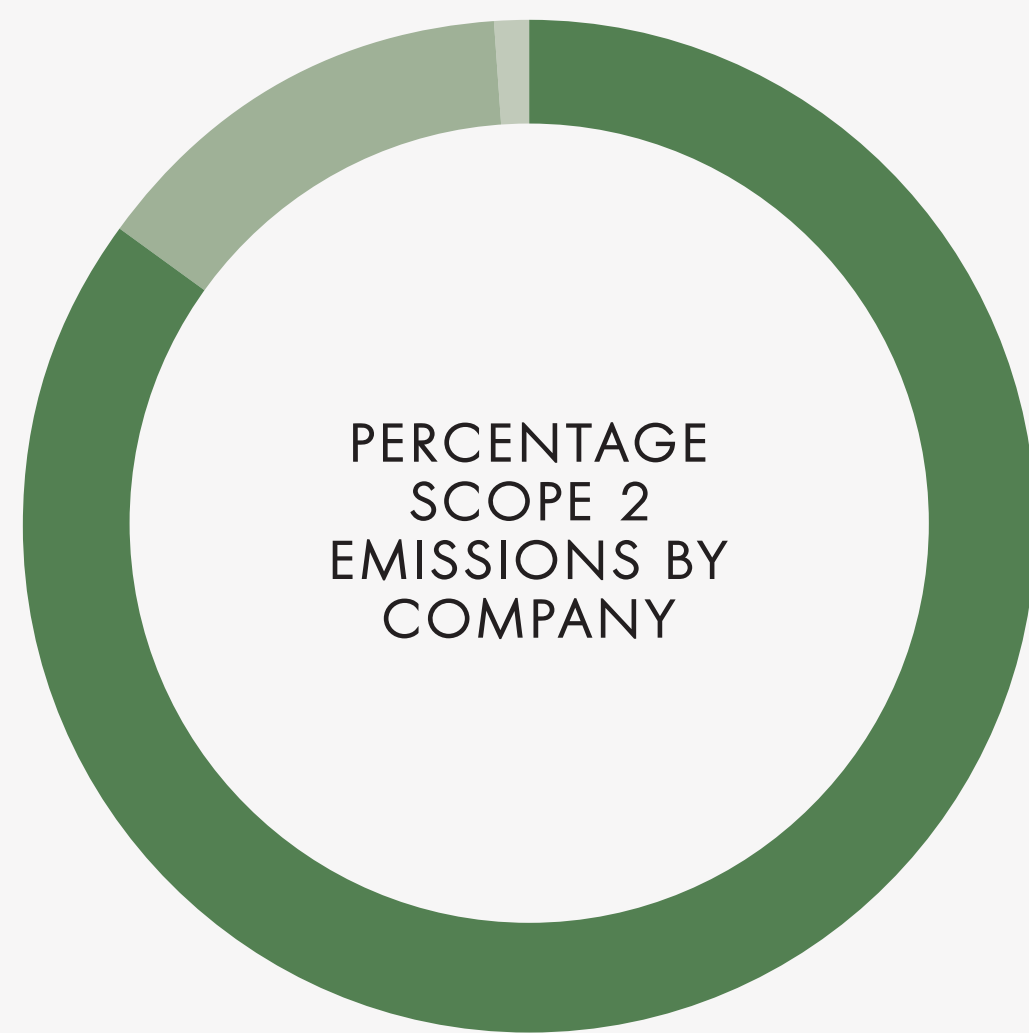


- Woolworths South Africa: **86%**
- David Jones: **12%**
- Country Road Group: **2%**

WHL SCOPE 2 EMISSIONS 2021

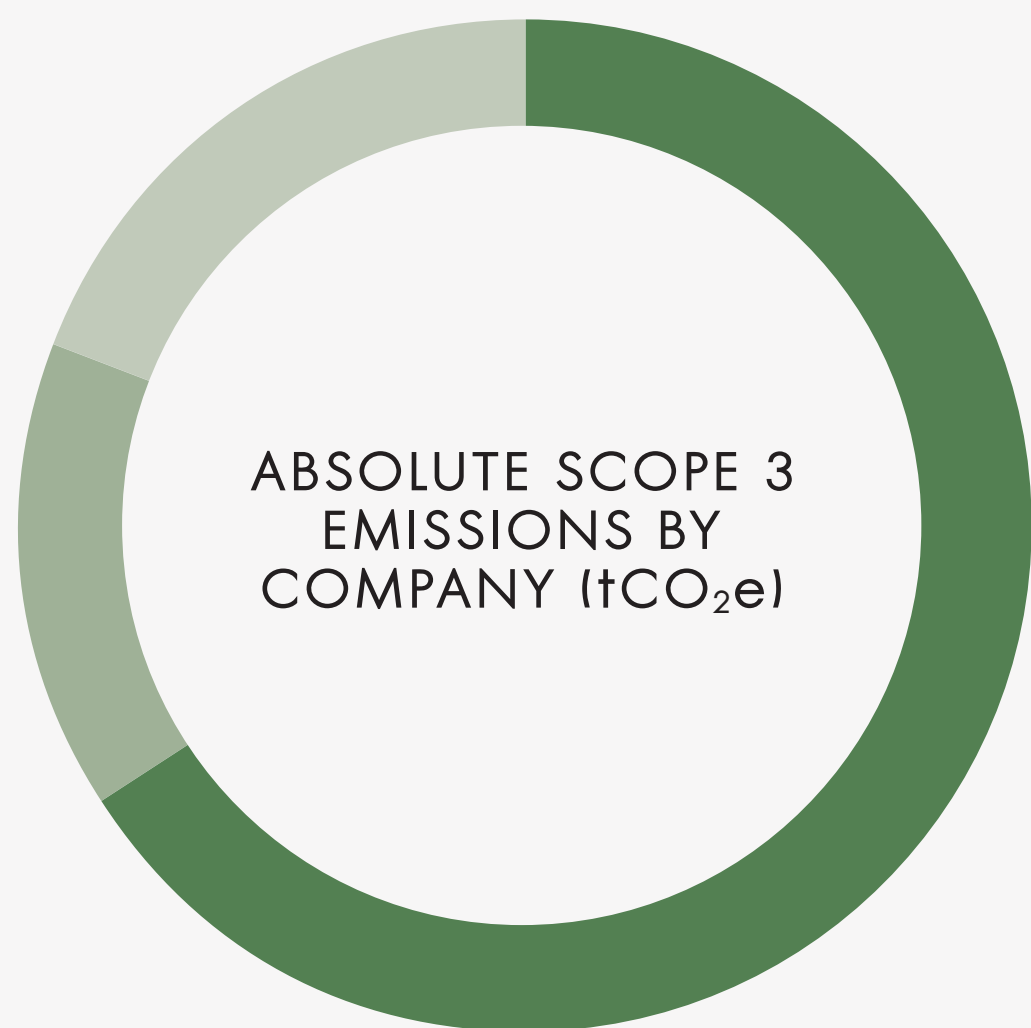


- Woolworths South Africa: **358 839**
- David Jones: **58 908**
- Country Road Group: **6 237**

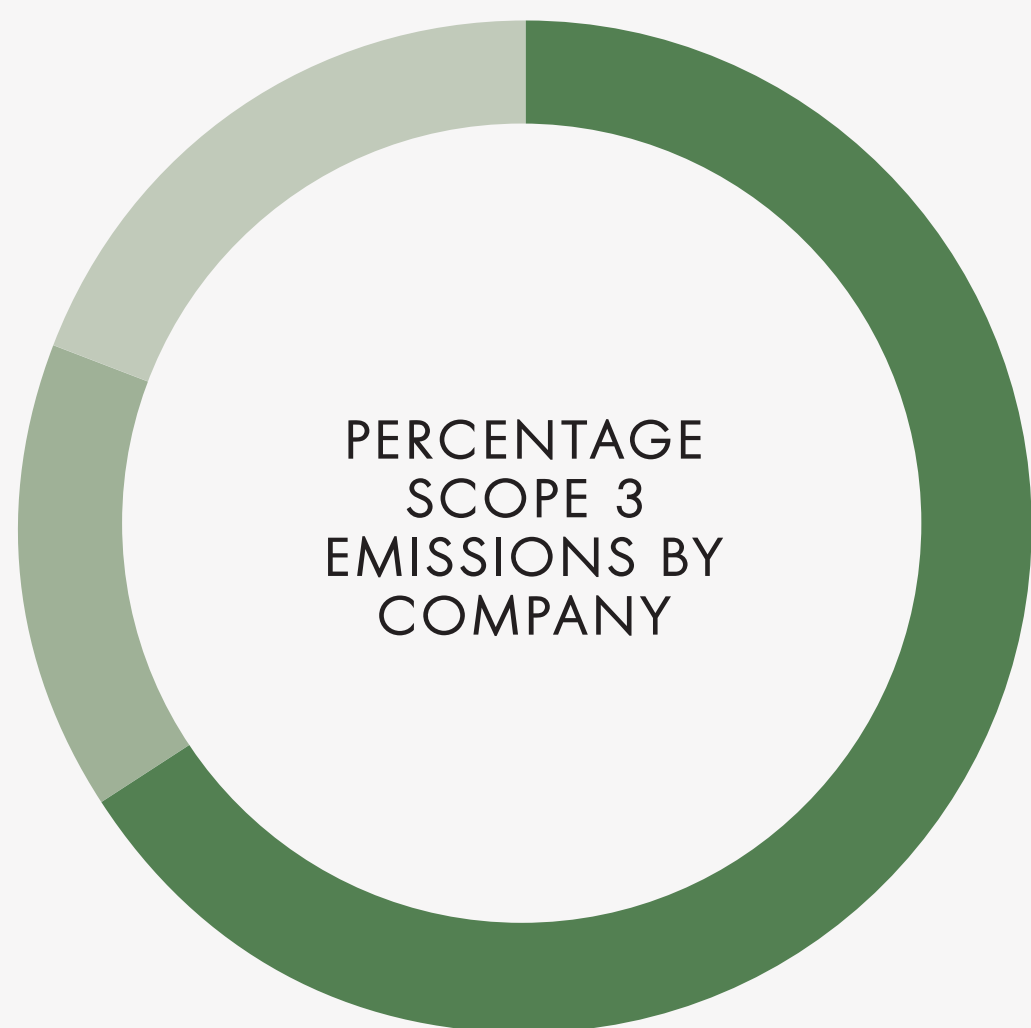


- Woolworths South Africa: **85%**
- David Jones: **14%**
- Country Road Group: **1%**

WHL SCOPE 3 EMISSIONS 2022



- Woolworths South Africa: **285 641**
- David Jones: **63 054**
- Country Road Group: **84 641**

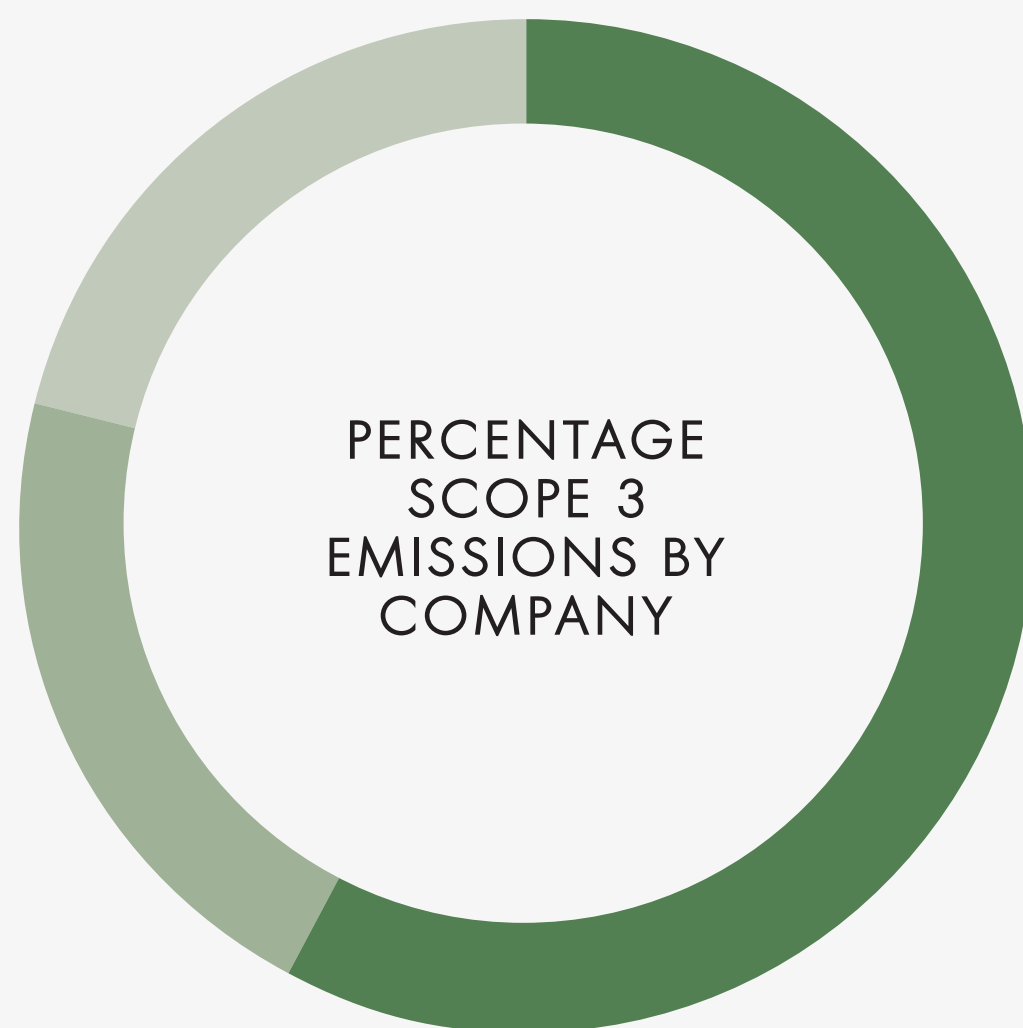


- Woolworths South Africa: **66%**
- David Jones: **15%**
- Country Road Group: **19%**

WHL SCOPE 3 EMISSIONS 2021



- Woolworths South Africa: **181 669**
- David Jones: **64 333**
- Country Road Group: **66 961**



- Woolworths South Africa: **58%**
- David Jones: **21%**
- Country Road Group: **21%**

SUMMARY WHL EMISSIONS YEAR-ON-YEAR			
	2022 Tonnes (CO ₂ e)	2021 Tonnes (CO ₂ e)	2020 Tonnes (CO ₂ e)
SCOPE 1*			
Stationary fuel emissions (diesel, petrol, LPG, and natural gas)	7 382	5 319	6 286
Fugitive emissions	47 878	40 685	41 955
Mobile fuel emissions	1 255	1 090	1 343
Total	56 515	47 094	49 584
SCOPE 2**			
Purchased grid electricity	385 667	423 984	448 368
Purchased renewable electricity	8 034	N/A	N/A
Total	393 701	423 984	448 368
SCOPE 3***			
Purchased goods and services	137 282 ¹	30 719	7 469
Capital goods	26 696	20 634	34 692 ²
Fuel- and energy-related activities (T&D losses)	47 098	49 843	45 738
Upstream transportation and distribution	167 845	160 233	156 001 ³
Waste generated in operations	4 033	3 226	4 327
Business travel	2 577	627	7 231
Employee commuting (+ working from home)	47 805	47 681	48 739
Downstream transportation and distribution	N/A	N/A	N/A
Upstream leased assets	-	-	64
Total	433 336	312 963	304 261
OUTSIDE OF SCOPES (NON-KYOTO)	20 495	17 586	18 633
WHL TOTAL	904 047	801 627	820 846

* Emissions from sources owned and controlled by WHL (generators, refrigeration, and air-conditioning units).

** Emissions associated with the generation or consumption of purchased electricity.

*** Emissions from sources not directly owned by WHL, excluding electricity.

N/A – Not applicable.

¹ Scope 3 carbon emissions increased year-on-year due to the inclusion of new emissions data for purchased goods and services, upstream transport and distribution, and business travel data.

² Restated figure – emissions were estimated using spend on capital goods acquired in the reporting year; emissions were previously estimated using total value of capital goods.

³ Restated figure to include online deliveries (previously reported under category 9).

ACTIVITY INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Based on the organisational boundary identified for WHL, the operational limits within this boundary determine which activities to report emissions on. These activities are then classified using three Scopes (1, 2 and 3). Having chosen an approach that accounts for 100% of GHG emissions attributable to the operations over which WHL exercises control, the following items are either included or excluded in the footprint.

SCOPE 1 EMISSIONS INCLUDED/EXCLUDED IN ORGANISATIONAL BOUNDARY			
ACTIVITY	INCLUSION	EXCLUSION	REASON FOR EXCLUSION
Stationary fuel	Backup generators and boilers for WSA	CRG and DJ emissions from backup generators	No generators in CRG and DJ operations
Mobile fuel	WSA-owned and CRG-owned vehicles	DJ-owned vehicles	Data not available
Fugitive emissions	Air-conditioning, refrigerant gases, and fire suppressant refills for WSA and DJ	Refrigerant gases from WSA international stores	Data not available

SCOPE 2 EMISSIONS INCLUDED/EXCLUDED IN ORGANISATIONAL BOUNDARY			
ACTIVITY	INCLUSION	EXCLUSION	REASON FOR EXCLUSION
Purchased electricity	WSA South Africa, WSA international, DJ, as well as CRG stores	None	None
Renewable energy	CRG stores	WSA and DJ	No emissions associated with renewable energy for DJ and WSA

SCOPE 3 – RELEVANCE OF ACTIVITIES AND WHY THEY ARE INCLUDED/EXCLUDED IN THIS REPORT			
ACTIVITY	EVALUATION STATUS	EXCLUSION	REASON FOR EXCLUSION
Purchased goods and services	Relevant (due to the nature of our business and operational control approach followed) – partially reported: Paper, Water, Packaging, South African stores till rolls	Supplier data for purchased goods and services	Evaluated but not verified for the carbon footprint report. This data has been extrapolated using tools available for science-based setting, but does not form part of this carbon footprint
		CRG and DJ water	Data not available
		Till rolls for WSA International, CRG, DJ	
		Paper for WSA International, CRG, DJ	
Capital goods	Relevant	All data not reported	Evaluated but not verified for the carbon footprint report. This data has been extrapolated using tools available for science-based setting, but does not form part of this carbon footprint
Fuel- and energy-related activities	Relevant – partially reported: Electricity and T&D losses ¹ for WSA, DJ, CRG	Piped natural gas T&D losses for DJ	Data not available
Upstream transportation and distribution	Relevant – partially reported: Third-party distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Independent supplier to distribution centre transportationImports and exportsOutboundWSA third-party courier services for online distributionCRG and DJ third-party courier for online distribution	Evaluated but not verified for the carbon footprint report. This data has been extrapolated using tools available for science-based setting, but does not form part of this carbon footprint
Waste generated in operations	Relevant – partially reported: Waste to landfill, Recycling, Organic waste	Waste data for WSA International and DJ	Data not available
Business travel	Relevant – partially reported: Overnight accommodation, Rental cars, Business travel (air)		
Employee commuting	Relevant – partially reported: WSA employee commuting, CRG and DJ employee commuting		
Upstream leased assets	Not relevant		Not relevant
Downstream transportation and distribution	Not relevant		Third-party online deliveries included under category 4
Processing of sold products	Relevant, not reported		Not calculated
Use of sold products	Relevant, not reported		Not calculated
End-of-life treatment of sold products	Relevant, not reported		Not calculated
Downstream leased assets	Not relevant		Not relevant
Franchises	Not relevant		Not calculated
Investments	Relevant ² , not reported	WFS	Not calculated

¹ These are emissions associated with the energy losses that occur from the transmission of electricity from the power plant to organisations. Organisations only account for the emissions associated with their purchased power.

² WFS is operated jointly with Absa Group Limited and provides a suite of financial products to WSA customers, including the WSA store card, credit card, and personal loans. Financial services hubs are located in 39 WSA stores, where credit-card applications can be processed, and which offer instant customer service (WHL 2019).

To find out more about what we're doing, visit

For company-specific information, visit

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We appreciate any feedback on our Good Business Journey Report. Please contact GoodBusinessJourney@woolworths.co.za